

# THE GEORGE WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY LAW SCHOOL

# The Changing Landscape for Electric Energy generation



# Tipping Points

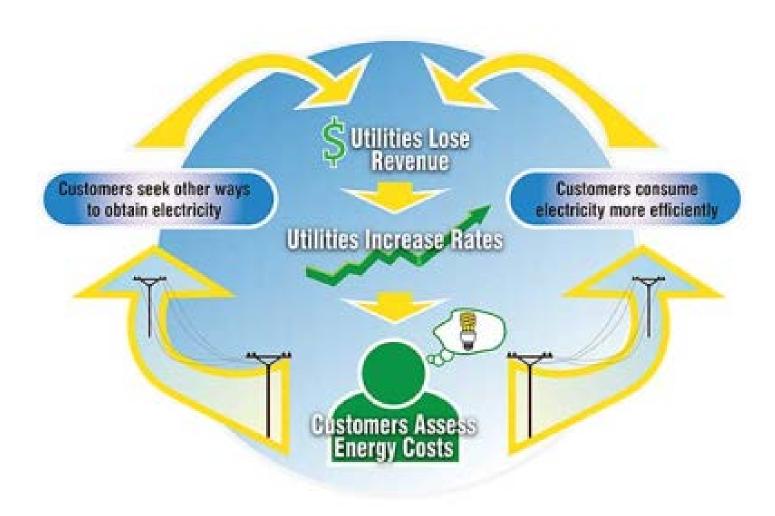
- SO2 and NOx cap and trade program
- 2001 ELI study of actual impact on electric utilities
- One conclusion: these regulations by themselves were not sufficient to drive coal plant closure or fuel switching
- Probably would require carbon regulation to tip the scales away from coal



#### A New World

- I feel the earth move under my feet
- I feel the sky come tumbling down
- I just lose control
- Down to my very soul

### Disruptive Change



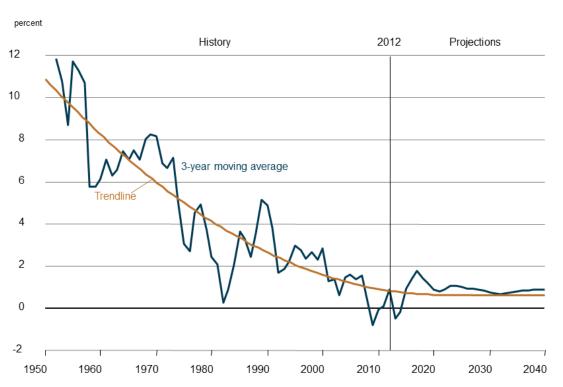


- Cheaper and more predictable gas supplies
- Sierra Club Beyond Coal campaign



## **Electricity Sales**

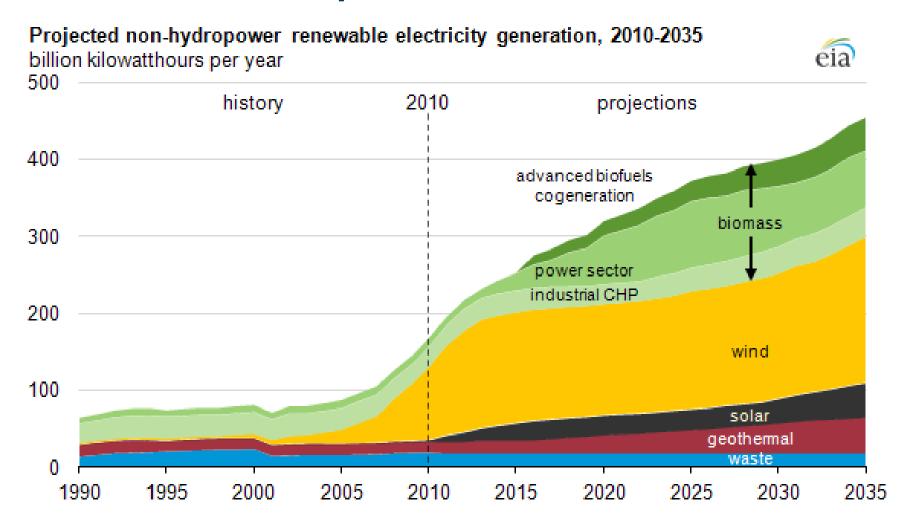
Figure MT-29. U.S. electricity demand growth in the Reference case, 1950-2040



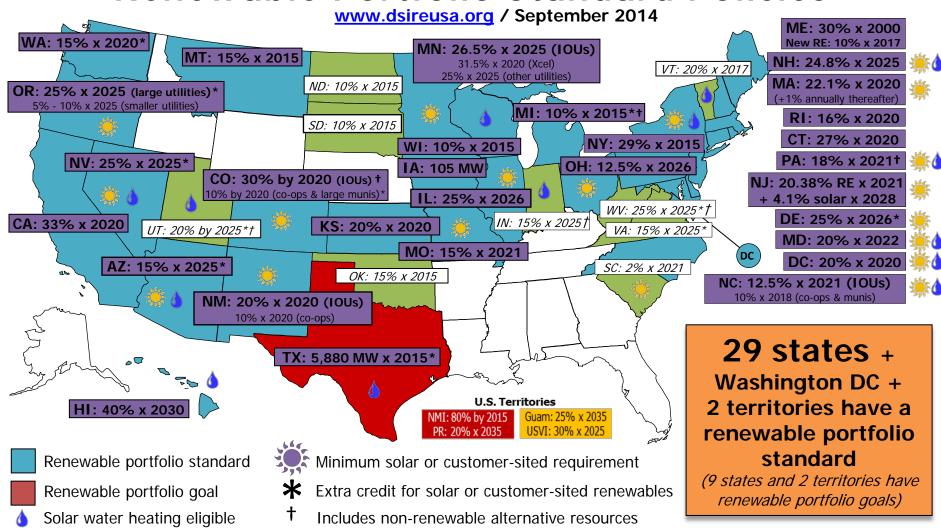




## Cost Competitive Alternatives



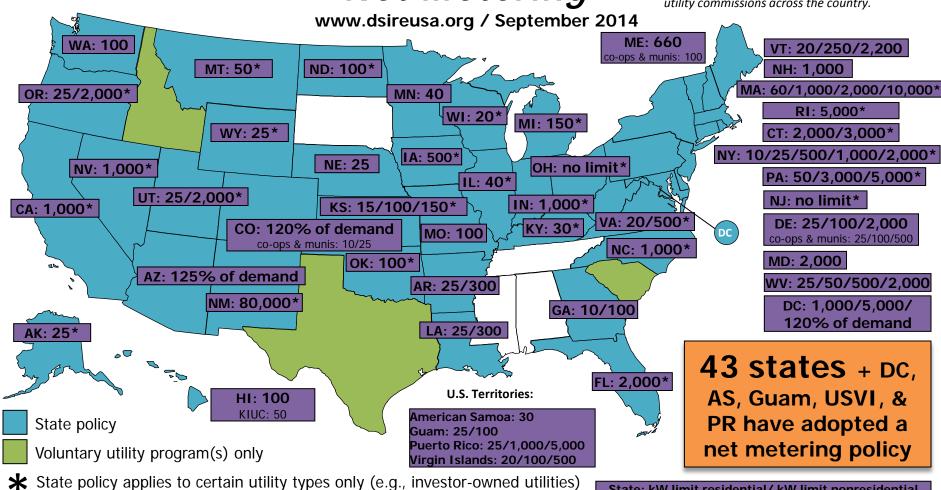
#### Renewable Portfolio Standard Policies



#### Net Metering

Note: Net Metering rules are being actively discussed in over a dozen state public service & utility commissions across the country.

State: kW limit residential/ kW limit nonresidential



Note: Numbers indicate individual system capacity limit in kW. Some limits vary by customer type, technology and/or application. Other limits might also apply. This map generally does not address statutory changes until administrative rules have been adopted to implement such changes.



#### Tax Incentives

- PTC
- State Incentives





## **Aging Plants**

43% without flue gas desulfurization

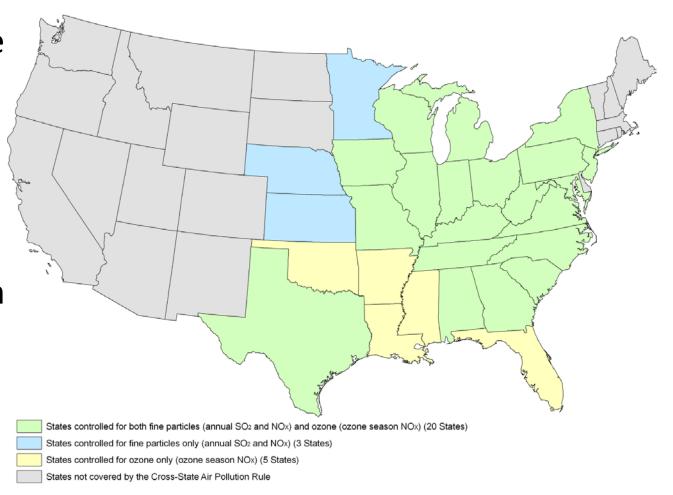
•	<b>Years Built</b>	# of Units	Total Capacity (MW)
•	2005-2009	21	6,785
•	2000-2004	13	1,382
•	1995-1999	24	4,372
•	1990-1994	67	8,638
•	1985-1989	102	23,734
•	1980-1984	117	56,105
•	1975-1979	125	55,879
•	1970-1974	137	66,466
•	1965-1969	158	41,656
•	1960-1964	157	25,310
•	1955-1959	209	28,883
•	1950-1954	213	17,518
•	1940-1949	93	2,583

Cross StateRule

SO2 and NOx

• 28 states

\$2.4 billion per year





#### Rules

- Power Plant Air Toxics
  Rule
- Primary focus is mercury
- Power plants the largest source
- \$9.2 billion per year





#### Rules

- Clean Power Plan
- 25% reduction in CO2 emissions by 2030 from a 2005 baseline
- \$7.3-\$8.8 billion per year





#### Retirements

- 1988—coal 57% of U.S. electric generation
- 2013—coal 37.4%
- 2017—coal < 33%

## **GW** LAW

# Coal in electric generation

- 1988—coal 57% of U.S. electric generation
- 2013—coal 37.4%
- 2017—coal < 33%
- As of 2011 589 coal-fired power plants in the U.S. down from 633 coal-fired power plants in 2002.
- EIA—49 GW retirements or about 17% of all coal but only 5% of total electric generation

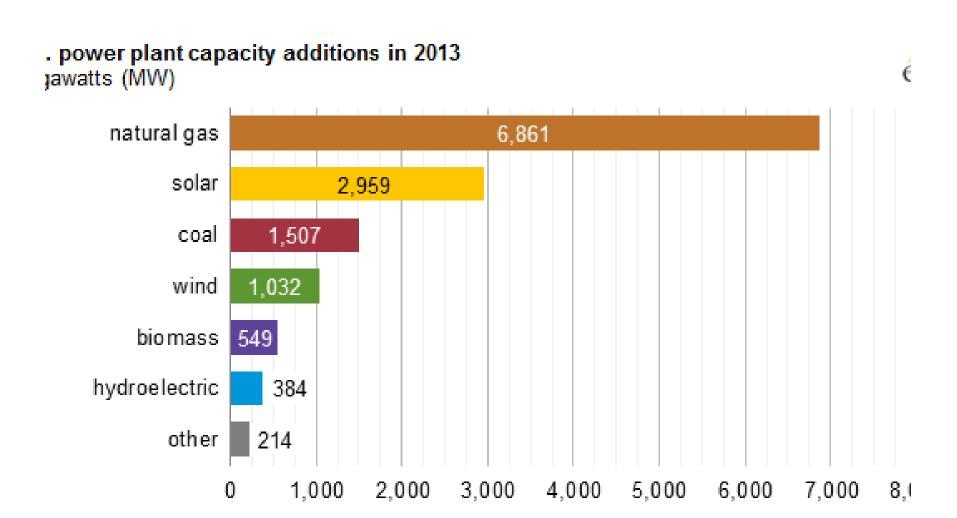


#### Retirements

- EIA—49 GW retirements or about 17% of all coal but only 5% of total electric generation
- EPA Clean Power Plan—20% of coal will close by 2020 (about 48 GW)
- Industry estimate Clean Power Plan—as much as 72 GW



#### **Next Generation**





#### Where now

- XL Energy 2015
  Resource Plan
- Historically a coal and nuclear utility
- More diversifies
- Different relationship to stakeholders





### Context

- 40 percent CO2 reduction by 2030
- 1.5% per year energy efficiency mandate
- Perhaps 40% RPS
- 60% non-carbon generation by 2030



## Assumptions

- Customers want more choice in their energy services and products,
- Advancements in renewable generation technologies,
- The expanding role of distributed generation and the distribution system, and
- The inevitable rising cost of providing service



#### 2020

- 100 megawatt solar peaking plant
- 187 additional megawatts of solar
- 345 Calpine combined cycle gas
- 232 megawatt coal to gas repower
- 300 megawatt community solar gardens and small scale solar

## Repowering Results

•	Sulfur Dioxide	39,000 tons/yr	93% reduction
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• **Nitrogen Oxide** 34,000 tons/yr 91% reduction

• **Mercury** 199 pounds/yr 81% reduction

• **Particulates** 730 tons/yr 55% reduction

• Carbon Dioxide 1.8 m tons/yr 21% reduction

#### 2030

- Wind—Add 1,800 MW
- Solar—Add 1,700 MW of utility scale
- Natural gas—Add 1,750 MW of gas peaking
- Operate nuclear through 2030
- Operate large coal through 2030 at reduced levels



#### A new world

- Come Senators and Congressmen
- Please heed the call
- Don't stand at the doorway
- Don't block the hall
- For he that gets hurt
- Will be he who has stalled
- There's a battle outside
- And it's ragin'
- It'll soon shake your windows
- And rattle your walls
- For the times are a changin'